

# Animals, Animals

A Science A-Z Life Series

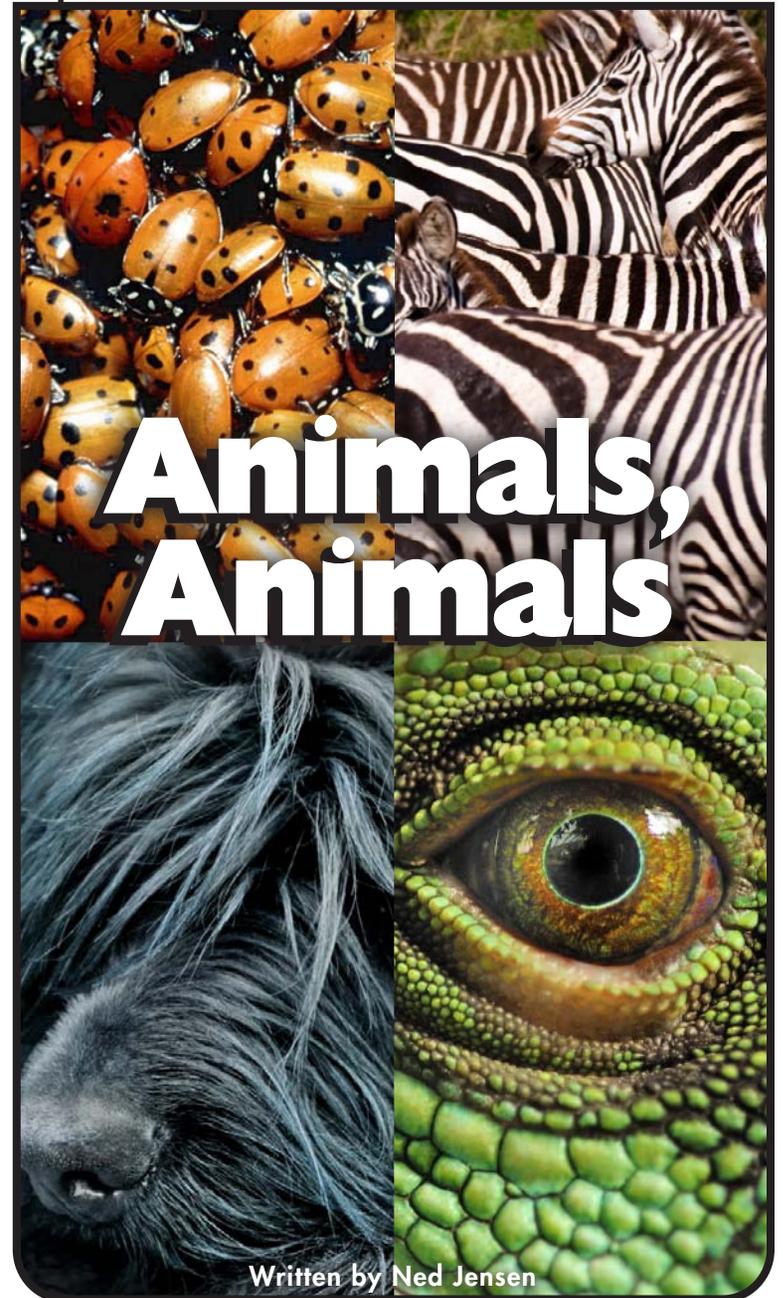
Word Count: 195



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# Animals, Animals



Written by Ned Jensen

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## KEY ELEMENTS USED IN THIS BOOK

**The Big Idea:** Understanding the diversity among animals helps us appreciate and enjoy the uniqueness of all creatures. We may also think about how we treat animals and how we as humans fit into the animal kingdom.

**Key words:** air, animals, babies, body, body coverings, cold, color, different, dry, feathers, food, fur, grow, hot, human, land, parents, plants, scales, shell, size, skin, water, wet

**Key comprehension skill:** Compare and contrast  
*Other suitable comprehension skills:* Main idea and details, make inferences, author's purpose

**Key reading strategy:** Connect the text to prior knowledge  
*Other suitable reading strategies:* Ask and answer questions, retell and summarize

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### Reading Levels

Learning A-Z	H
Lexile	280L

### Correlations

Fountas and Pinnell*	H
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\*Correlated independent reading level



Eggs in nest

Deer

Basset hound

Animals are everywhere.

What do animals need?

How are animals different?



Zebras



Horse  
and foal

Animals are living things.

They can move.

They eat and grow.

They can have babies.



Giant  
panda



Leopards

Animals need things to live.  
They need a place to live.  
They need food and water.  
They need air.



Honey bees

Animals live in many places.  
They live on or in land.  
They live in water.



Prairie dogs



Dolphins



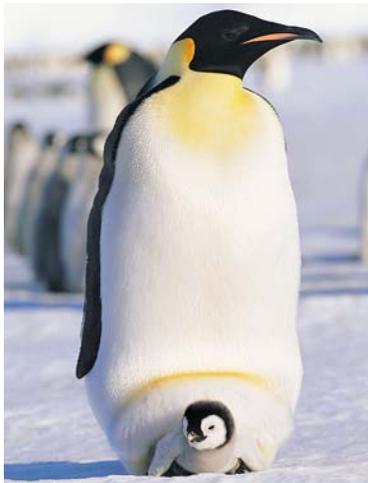
Camels

Some live where it is hot.

Some live where it is cold.

Some live where it is dry.

Some live where it is wet.



Emperor penguins

There are many animals.

They can be big or small.

They can be tall or short.

They can be one color.

Or they can be many colors.

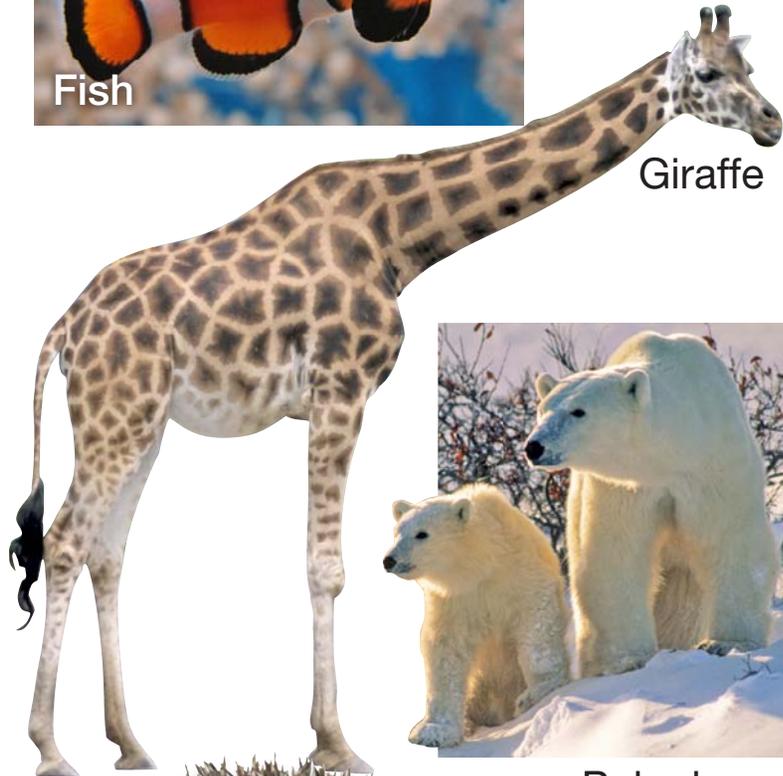
**WOWSER!**

The blue whale is the biggest animal. It has a heart as big as a small car.





Fish



Giraffe



Polar bears



Hedgehog



Monkeys (fur)



Owl (feathers)

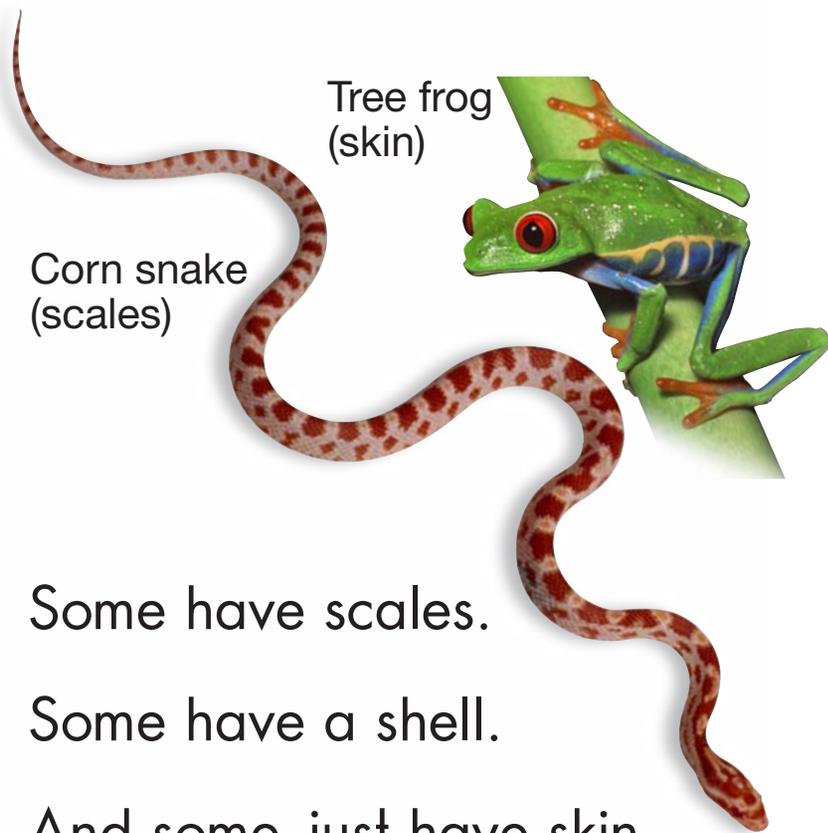
Animals have different body coverings.

Some have fur.

Some have feathers.

**WOWSER!**

A porcupine has 30,000 sharp quills on its body!



Tree frog  
(skin)

Corn snake  
(scales)

Some have scales.

Some have a shell.

And some just have skin.



Tortoise (shell)

Body parts look different on different animals.

Some have different noses.

Some have different ears.

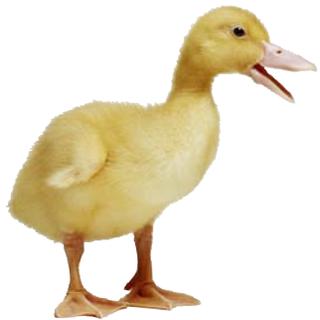
Some have different feet.

How are the animals on page 13 different?



Cat

Cats have hooks on their tongues. The hooks help grab food. If your cat licks you, you may feel those rough hooks.



Duck



Rabbit



Ring-tailed lemur

Animals eat different things.  
Some animals only eat plants.



Groundhog eating a flower



African elephants



Rat



Caterpillar eating a plant



Lion

Zebra

Some only eat other animals.  
Some eat plants and animals.



Human being

## WOWSER!

When born, a baby kangaroo is about the size of a large bean.



Most animal babies look like their parents.

Some animal babies do not look like their parents.



Tadpoles

Frog



Ewe with a lamb